West Parry Sound Health Centre Financial Statements March 31, 2020

## **West Parry Sound Health Centre**

**Financial Statements** 

For the year ended March 31, 2020

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#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CHAIRPERSON, BOARD OF TRUSTEES

T. Shultz

CHAIRPERSON, PROPERTY / FINANCE COMMITTEE

R. Alexander

TREASURER AND SECRETARY

D. Sanderson

## GINGRICH & HARRIS Chartered Professional Accountants

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## **Independent Auditors' Report**

#### To the Members of the West Parry Sound Health Centre

#### noinigO

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of West Parry Sound Health Centre (the "entity"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2020 and the statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the entity as at March 31, 2020, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial **Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those changed with governance are responsible for overseeing the entity's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- \* Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.
- \* Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- \* Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- \* Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Parry Sound, Ontario June 1, 2020

Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

## West Parry Sound Health Centre Statement of Financial Position

March 31		2020		2019
Assets				
Current Cash and bank	\$	148,006	\$	105,760
Trust and restricted funds	Ψ	22,884	Ф	19,769
Accounts receivable (Note 1)		2,904,994		3,993,437
Due from Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care (Note 9)		2,001,001		176,542
Advances - other programs		1,071,893		459,619
Lakeland Long-Term Care Services Corporation (Note 2)		266,054		264,601
Inventories of supplies		795,049		636,975
Prepaid, deferred expenses and deposits		643,931		902,442
Current portion of capital lease receivable (Note 4)		485,545		461,315
		6,338,356		7,020,460
Capital lease receivable (Note 4)		6,297,696		6,783,242
<b>Due from WPSHC Foundation</b> (Note 15)		1,811,391		-
Parry Sound Pilot Project (Note 3)		316,959		407,784
Capital assets (Note 5)		72,504,189		69,653,325
		80,930,235		76,844,351
	\$	87,268,591	\$	83,864,811
Liabilities and Net Assets Current				
Bank indebtedness (Note 6)	\$	3,015,598	\$	2,410,716
Short-term loan (Note 7)	Y	5,448,834	۳	2,909,376
Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care (Note 8)		397,204		467,396
Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care (Note 9)		152,160		:#i
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 10)		5,896,849		5,402,202
Deferred revenue		170,895		256,118
Current portion of long-term debt (Note 11)		626,000		597,000
	-	15,707,540		12,042,808
Long-term debt (Note 11)		8,238,000		8,864,000
Deferred capital grants and contributions (Note 13)		56,938,231		55,908,603
Employee future benefits (Note 19)		2,147,738		2,122,336
	_	83,031,509		78,937,747
Contingencies (Note 16)	NT SEE			
Net Assets - page 5				
		4 000 000		4 007 004
Unrestricted net assets	_	4,237,082		4,927,064

# West Parry Sound Health Centre Statement of Changes in Net Assets

For the year ended March 31		2020		2019
Unrestricted net assets balance, beginning of year	\$	4,927,064	\$	5,354,219
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses for the year	_	(689,982)	(	(427,155)
Unrestricted net assets balance, end of year	\$	4,237,082	\$	4,927,064

# West Parry Sound Health Centre Statement of Operations

For the year ended March 31				2020		2019
Revenues		(Unaudited)				
Ministry of Health and Long-term Care						
- base funding allocation	\$	19,416,075	\$	21,268,692	ď	10 446 075
- hospital based allocation method	Ψ	9,245,809	Ψ		\$	19,416,075
- quality based procedures		4,331,460		9,245,809		9,245,809
- special programs base funding		676,860		4,477,865 859,148		4,007,836
- one time funding		166,164		245,505		692,002
- visiting specialists		85,652		67,599		668,947 28,701
Cancer Care Ontario & OBSP		1,243,131		1,013,094		1,265,399
HOCC, AFA & other		2,449,243		2,486,637		2,442,511
Co-payments and preferred accommodations		900,000		585,071		750,359
OHIP & other patient services		3,950,757		3,931,105		4,287,840
Recoveries		3,595,000		4,533,162		3,594,843
Amortization - equipment grants / donations		798,000		989,404		961,062
	120	46,858,151		49,703,091		47,361,384
Other Programs - MOH (Note 9)	_	6,750		1,932,930		2,054,099
9		46,864,901		51,636,021		49,415,483
Expenses						
Salaries and wages		23,632,770		24,664,110		23,257,711
Employee benefits		4,809,454		5,216,835		4,933,968
Medical staff remuneration		5,229,763		5,652,129		5,271,591
Medical and surgical supplies		2,020,000		2,085,080		2,049,014
Drugs and medicines		1,212,000		1,816,957		1,190,532
Other supplies and expenses (Note 12)		8,986,164		9,193,860		9,160,970
Amortization - equipment		944,000		1,194,964		1,101,258
Interest on short-term debt - equipment				89,221		
Bad debts (recovery)	-	24,000		114,944		407,019
Other programs assume (Alata O)		46,858,151		50,028,100		47,372,063
Other programs - expenses (Note 9)	_	6,750	_	1,932,930		2,054,099
_		46,864,901	_	51,961,030		49,426,162
Excess (deficiency)						
of operating revenues over expenses		**		(325,009)		(10,679)
Capital						
Revenues						
Rental income (net)		71,580		115,141		77,637
Investment income		4,000		6,020		2,282
Capital lease interest income		374,420		360,899		383,920
Donations and fundraising		150,000		36,559		38,971
Amortization - hospital building grant		1,855,000		1,901,656	_	1,883,572
_		2,455,000		2,420,275		2,386,382
Expenses						
Fundraising & special purpose expenses		125,000		38,578		38,013
Interest on long-term debt - building		495,000		465,826		504,603
Amortization - buildings & land improvements		2,225,000	_	2,280,844		2,260,242
Definiement of acuital account		2,845,000		2,785,248	_	2,802,858
Deficiency of capital revenues over expenses	_	(390,000)	_	(364,973)		(416,476)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses for the year	\$	(390,000)		(COD ODO) - #		(407.455)
Total Control	Ψ	(330,000)	_	(689,982) \$		(427,155)

# West Parry Sound Health Centre Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended March 31		2020	2019
Cash provided by (used in)			,
Operating activities			
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	\$	(689,982)	\$ (427,155)
Items not involving cash			
Amortization - buildings		2,280,844	2,260,242
Amortization - equipment		1,194,964	1,101,258
Amortization of equipment grants		(989,404)	(961,062)
Amortization of building grants		(1,901,656)	(1,883,572)
Changes in non-cash working capital balances			
Due from / to Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care Accounts receivable		258,510	(54,459)
Advances		1,088,443	(2,195,864)
		(612,274)	(330,667)
Lakeland Long-Term Care Services Corporation Inventories		(1,453)	(74,119)
Prepaid and deferred expense		(158,074)	(61,203)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		258,511	(26,274)
Deferred revenue		494,647	(45,408)
Employee future benefits		(85,223)	66,879
Employed ratale benefits	-	25,402	25,580
	_	1,163,255	(2,605,824)
Investing and financing activities			
Purchase of capital assets		(6,326,672)	(7,264,084)
Investment in Parry Sound Pilot Project		90,825	25,362
Advances of short-term debt		2,539,458	2,909,376
Receivable from WPSHC Foundation		(1,811,391)	#
Repayment of long-term debt		(597,000)	(562,000)
Deferred capital grants & contributions		3,920,688	5,566,358
Capital lease receivable		461,316	438,295
		(1,722,776)	1,113,307
Decrease in cash during the year		(559,521)	(1,492,517)
Bank indebtedness, beginning of year		(2,285,187)	(792,670)
Bank indebtedness, end of year	\$	(2,844,708)	\$ (2,285,187)
Represented by			
Cash and bank	\$	148,006	105,760
Trust and restricted funds	•	22,884	19,769
Bank indebtedness		(3,015,598)	(2,410,716)
	\$	(2,844,708)	(2,285,187)

#### March 31, 2020

# Nature and Purpose of Organization

The West Parry Sound Health Centre was incorporated under the Ontario Corporations Act without share capital and is principally involved in providing health care services to the West Parry Sound area. The corporation is a registered charity under the Income Tax Act and accordingly is exempt from income taxes, provided certain requirements of the Income Tax Act are met.

The assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses of the following separate health programs administered by the Hospital are not reported in the financial statements.

Other Health Programs - Nursing Stations Land Ambulance Service

These financial statements do not include the financial activities of the following related not-for-profit entities:

Lakeland Long-Term Care Services Corporation West Parry Sound Health Centre Foundation

#### **Basis of Reporting**

The hospital accounts for its investments in joint ventures and significantly-influenced profit-oriented enterprises using the equity method.

- Parry Sound Pilot Project

#### **Basis of Accounting**

These financial statements were prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis recognizes revenues as they become available and measurable; expenditures are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of receipts of goods or services and the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

#### Inventory

Inventory is recorded at the lower of weighted average cost and current replacement value.

#### March 31, 2020

#### Use of estimates

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the current period. These estimates are reviewed periodically and adjustments are made to income as appropriate in the year they become known.

If the hospital does not meet its performance standards or obligations, the MOHLTC and LHIN have the right to adjust the funding received. The MOHLTC and LHIN are not required to communicate certain funding adjustments until after the submission of year-end data. Since this data is not submitted until after the completion of the financial statements, the amount of MOHLTC and LHIN funding received during the year may be increased or decreased subsequent to year-end. The amount of revenue recognized in these financial statements represents management's best estimate of amounts that have been earned during the year.

#### **Capital Assets**

Purchased capital assets are recorded at cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at fair market value at the date of contribution. Amortization based on the estimated useful life of the asset is calculated as follows:

Buildings & parking lot - 2.5 % straight-line basis Equipment - 5 to 10% straight-line basis

Assets leased on terms that transfer substantially all of the benefits and risk of ownership are accounted for as capital leases, as though the asset has been purchased and a liability incurred. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases.

#### **Contributed Services**

A substantial number of volunteers contribute a significant amount of their time each year. Because of the difficulty of determining the fair value, contributed services are not recognized in the financial statements.

#### March 31, 2020

#### **Revenue Recognition**

The hospital follows the deferral method of accounting for revenue from the Province (funding allocation), preferred accommodations, and patient services.

Under the Health Insurance Act and Regulations thereto, the hospital is funded primarily by the Province of Ontario in accordance with budget arrangements established by the Ministry of Health. Operating grants are recorded as revenue in the period to which they relate. Where a portion of a grant relates to a future period, it is deferred and recognized in that subsequent period. These financial statements reflect agreed arrangements approved by the Ministry with respect to the current year.

Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received.

Endowment contributions are recognized as revenue when received.

#### **Employee Benefit Plans**

The hospital accrues its obligations under employee benefit plans and the related costs. The hospital has adopted the following policies:

#### Multi-employer employee benefit plan

Defined contribution accounting is applied for the Healthcare of Ontario Pension Plan (HOOPP), a multi-employer employee benefit plan, whereby contributions are expensed when due, as the hospital has insufficient information to apply defined benefit plan accounting.

#### Other defined benefit plans

- \* The cost of non-pension post-retirement benefits earned by employees is actuarially determined using the projected benefit method pro-rated on service:
- Assumptions were management's best estimates;
- Past service costs from plan amendments are recognized immediately:
- Liabilities are discounted using current interest rates on long-term bonds;
- Actuarial gains (losses) are amortized over the remaining service period of the active employees.

#### March 31, 2020

#### **Financial Instruments**

#### Measurement of financial instruments

The entity initially measures its financial assets and liabilities at fair value, except for certain non-arm's length transactions.

The entity subsequently measures all its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash, term deposits, accounts receivable, and capital lease receivable.

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include the accounts payable and accrued liabilities, amounts due to Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care and long-term debt.

#### **Impairment**

Financial assets measured at cost are tested for impairment when there are indicators of impairment. The amount of the write-down is recognized in net income. The previously recognized impairment loss may be reversed to the extent of the improvement, directly or by adjusting the allowance account, provided it is no greater than the amount that would have been reported at the date of the reversal had the impairment not been recognized previously. The amount of the reversal is recognized in net income.

#### Transaction costs

The entity recognizes its transaction costs in net income in the period incurred. However, financial instruments that will not be subsequently measured at fair value are adjusted by the transaction costs that are directly attributable to their origination, issuance or assumption.

#### **Deferred Revenue**

Deferred revenue results from funding received from agreements which cover more than one fiscal year and represents the unexpended portion of that funding.

#### **Sick-Leave Credits**

Under the sick-leave plan, sick-leave credits are available (no accumulation) and the employee entitled to use the credits in full when off work due to sickness or accident. The value of these regular sick-leave credits have not been estimated and no liability is recorded in the accounts.

2020

#### March 31, 2020

#### 1. Accounts Receivable

	_	2020	2019
Trade accounts receivable HST recoverable Forward contract (Note 17) West Parry Sound Health Centre Foundation - Transfers *	\$	1,746,228 368,466 - 790,300	\$ 1,775,431 329,742 349,408 1,538,856
	\$	2,904,994	\$ 3,993,437

<sup>\*</sup> This amount is for equipment purchased by the Hospital and the reimbursement from the Foundation is outstanding at March 31.

### 2. Lakeland Long-Term Care Services Corporation

The hospital has advanced funds to the related non-profit corporation and provides operating services to the corporation on an on going basis.

The current advances are incurred in the normal course of operations.

		2020	 2019
Current trade receivable 2019 Eldcap surplus	\$	184,685 81,369	\$ 130,301
2018 Eldcap surplus	_		134,300
	\$	266,054	\$ 264,601

#### 3. Parry Sound Pilot Project

The hospital exercises joint control, along with an unrelated profit-oriented enterprise, over a joint venture that was established to provide Laboratory services. The hospital's 50% share of this joint venture has not been proportionately consolidated in the hospital's financial statements.

#### 4. Capital Lease Receivable

	-	2020	2019
Capital lease receivable - due from Lakeland Long-Term Care Services Corporation, 5.13%, repayable \$68,517.90 principal and interest monthly, amortized over 25 years	\$	6,783,241	\$ 7,244,557
Less amounts due within one year included in current assets		485,545	461,315
	\$	6,297,696	\$ 6,783,242

5.	Capital Assets						
					2020		2019
	Land Buildings & parking lot Furnishings & equipment	Cost \$ 1,799,442 88,374,891 26,603,130	Accumulated Amortization \$ - 32,582,321 11,690,953		Net Book Value 1,799,442 55,792,570 14,912,177	•	Net Book Value 1,799,442 57,790,432 10,063,451
		\$116,777,463	\$ 44,273,274	\$	72,504,189	\$	69,653,325
— 6.	Bank Indebtedness and Cr	edit Escilitios					
٥.	Dank indeptedness and Cr	edit Facilities			2020		2019
	Bank overdraft (Bank balance 2019 - (\$	es 2020 - (\$2,215 1,744,278))	,013),	\$	3,015,598	\$	2,410,716
	The hospital has a credit line on demand and bears intermonthly. It is secured by a \$	est at the bank's	prime rate less	0	6%, calculate	he	and navable
			siai illoityaye all	u a	lccompanied	Witi	n Insurance.
	During 2019, the hospital hat This facility ended when the f	ad a spot foreign	exchange facilit	vv	vith a \$1,000		
	During 2019, the hospital had This facility ended when the facility ended with the facility ended when	ad a spot foreign orward contract w	exchange facilit as utilized. (see	y v No	vith a \$1,000 ote 17)		
<b></b>	inis facility ended when the f	ad a spot foreign orward contract w	exchange facilit as utilized. (see	y v No	vith a \$1,000 ote 17)		
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7.	Short-term Debt  Short-term operating loan from \$6,500,000 credit limit, due Jumonthly payments of interest converted to long-term when	ad a spot foreign forward contract was siness cards with a siness cards with a siness cards a True of the siness cards at prime less the project compart of the siness cards at prime less the project compart of the siness cards at prime less the project compart of the siness cards at prime less the project compart of the siness cards at prime less the project compart of the siness cards at prime less the project compart of the siness cards at prime less the siness cards at the sines	exchange facilityas utilized. (see an aggregate limest, demand, 0.5%, to be oblete	y v No	vith a \$1,000 ote 17) of \$90,000.		0 USD limit.
7.	The hospital has TD Visa Bus Short-term Debt  Short-term operating loan from \$6,500,000 credit limit, due Just monthly payments of interest	ad a spot foreign forward contract was siness cards with a siness cards with a siness cards a True of the siness cards at prime less the project compart of the siness cards at prime less the project compart of the siness cards at prime less the project compart of the siness cards at prime less the project compart of the siness cards at prime less the project compart of the siness cards at prime less the project compart of the siness cards at prime less the siness cards at the sines	exchange facilityas utilized. (see an aggregate limest, demand, 0.5%, to be oblete	y v No	vith a \$1,000 ote 17) of \$90,000.	.00,	0 USD limit.
	Short-term Debt  Short-term Debt  Short-term operating loan from \$6,500,000 credit limit, due Jumonthly payments of interest converted to long-term when secured by a \$17,000,000 col accompanied with Insurance.	ad a spot foreign orward contract w siness cards with m TD Canada Tru uly 31, 2020 or on only at prime less EHR project comp lateral mortgage a	exchange facilityas utilized. (see an aggregate limest, demand, 0.5%, to be bete and	y v No	vith a \$1,000 ote 17) of \$90,000.	.00,	0 USD limit.
7. 3.	Short-term Debt  Short-term operating loan from \$6,500,000 credit limit, due Jumonthly payments of interest converted to long-term when secured by a \$17,000,000 col	ad a spot foreign orward contract w siness cards with m TD Canada Tru uly 31, 2020 or on only at prime less EHR project comp lateral mortgage a	exchange facilityas utilized. (see an aggregate limest, demand, 0.5%, to be bete and	y v No	vith a \$1,000 ote 17) of \$90,000.  2020	.00,	2019 2,909,376
	Short-term Debt  Short-term Debt  Short-term operating loan from \$6,500,000 credit limit, due Jumonthly payments of interest converted to long-term when secured by a \$17,000,000 col accompanied with Insurance.	m TD Canada Tru uly 31, 2020 or on only at prime less EHR project comp lateral mortgage a	exchange facilityas utilized. (see an aggregate limest, demand, 0.5%, to be olete and	y v No	vith a \$1,000 ote 17) of \$90,000.	\$	0 USD limit.

### March 31, 2020

9.	Other Programs - Ministry of Health		2020		2019
	F	9	2020	_	2019
	Funding Dispatch Services Municipal taxes	\$	2,078,340 6,750	\$	1,937,586 6,750
			2,085,090		1,944,336
	Expenses - Dispatch Services	-			
	Salaries and wages		1,436,304		1,362,931
	Employee benefits		380,880		607,023
	Supplies		5,470		4,871
	Sundry and equipment Buildings and grounds		73,735		56,805
	Recoveries		63,691 (33,900)		60,744
					(45,025)
	Expenses - Municipal taxes	-	1,926,180	-	2,047,349
	Expenses - Municipal taxes	-	6,750	_	6,750
	Total expenses	_	1,932,930		2,054,099
	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses for the year		152,160		(109,763)
	Amount from prior year due to (from) Ministry of Health		(176,542)		24,751
	2018/19 Funding amount outstanding		66,779		(66,779)
	Adjustment		2		
	2018/19 - Dispatch Services settlement (comparative 2017/18)	_	109,761		(24,751)
	Due to (from) the Ministry of Health	\$	152,160	\$	(176,542)
0.	Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities			-	-
			2020		2019
	Trade accounts payable	\$	2,546,620	\$	2,402,587
	Accrued liabilities	•	634,071	•	796,603
	Accrued salaries, wages and benefits		455,669		267,151
	Accrued vacation pay Government remittances		1,821,044		1,550,020
	Government remittances	_	439,446	_	385,841
		\$	5,896,850	6	5,402,202

#### March 31, 2020

#### 11. Long-term Debt

ISDA (International Swaps and Derivatives Association) Master Agreement between TD Canada Trust jointly with West Parry Sound Health Centre and Lakeland Long-Term Care Services Corporation - interest floating rate plus .35% stamping fee, due January 9, 2026, repayable in monthly installments of variable principal and interest, amortized over 25 years, secured by land and buildings and a general security agreement. (NBV \$57,592,012)

**8,864,000** \$ 9,461,000

2020

2019

Less amounts due within one year included in current liabilities

**626,000** 597,000

**8,238,000** \$ 8,864,000

Principal repayments for the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

2021	\$	626,000
2022		659,000
2023		694,000
2024		728,000
2025		770,000
Thereafter		5,387,000
	1:	
	\$	8,864,000

#### 12. Other Supplies and Expenses

	2020	2019
Administration and Information Services Human Resources Environmental and Support Services Acute, Chronic and Critical Care Services Diagnostic Imaging Services Laboratory Services Lakeland Services	\$ 1,847,550 109,813 2,565,944 1,719,047 817,218 1,151,069 983,219 9,193,860	\$ 1,511,866 237,376 2,817,020 1,635,520 968,458 1,048,132 942,598 9,160,970

#### March 31, 2020

#### 13. Deferred Capital Grants and Contributions

In 2006, the Hospital completed the construction of the new hospital. The Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care, the Hospital Foundation, the municipalities and the residents of West Parry Sound District and the Hospital have contributed to the funding of the hospital.

The Hospital continues to receive capital grants and contributions for building and equipment. The grants and contributions are deferred and amortized over the life of the asset.

Lakeland Long-Term Care Services Corporation Ltd. is a related non-profit corporation. The corporation entered into a capital lease with the Health Centre for equipment and premises.

	2020	2019
Provincial capital grants Municipal capital grants Other West Parry Sound Health Centre Foundation Lakeland Long-Term Care Services Corporation	\$ 46,736,639 10,286,098 2,499,776 4,832,343	\$ 46,301,295 10,286,098 2,499,776 4,832,343
<ul> <li>building and equipment grants</li> <li>Deferred equipment grants</li> </ul>	10,010,414 26,865,991	10,010,414 23,380,647
Accumulated amortization	101,231,261 (44,293,030)	97,310,573 (41,401,970)
	\$ 56,938,231	\$ 55,908,603

The grants and contributions are amortized at the same rates as the assets that were purchased with these funds.

#### 14. Capital Management

In managing capital, the hospital focuses on liquid resources available for operations. The hospital's objective is to have sufficient liquid resources to continue operating despite adverse financial events and to provide it with the flexibility to take advantage of opportunities that will advance its purposes. In addition, the hospital is required to achieve certain performance measures related to working capital set out in the Hospital Services Accountability Agreement (HSAA). The need for sufficient liquid resources and achieving the performance measures is considered in the preparation of an annual budget and in the monitoring of cash flows and actual operating results compared to the budget. As at March 31, 2020, the hospital has met its objective of having sufficient liquid resources to meet its current obligations and the performance measures related to working capital set out in the HSAA.

#### March 31, 2020

#### 15. Related Party Transactions

The West Parry Sound Health Centre Foundation is an independent corporation without share capital, which has its own Board of Directors. It provides donations to the hospital for capital and operating purposes. The Foundation's statements are not included in these financial statements.

Lakeland Long-Term Care Services Corporation is an independent corporation without share capital, which has its own Board of Directors. Lakeland operates within the hospital and leases space and equipment from the hospital. They have transactions for shared expenses that occur in the normal course of operations that they reimburse the hospital per their agreement. The Lakeland statements are not included in these financial statements.

#### 16. Contingencies

The nature of the hospital's activities is such that there is usually litigation pending at any time. With respect to claims at March 31, 2020 management believes the hospital has valid defences and appropriate insurance coverage in place. In the opinion of management and legal council, the outcome of the lawsuits, now pending, is not yet determinable. Should any loss result from the resolution of these claims, such loss will be charged to operations in the year of resolution.

In the event any claims are successful, management believes such claims are not expected to have a material effect on the hospital's financial position.

The Hospital administers various programs funded by different Ministry departments and government bodies. These programs have set budgets that must be adhered to. If any of the programs result in a deficit the Hospital could be held responsible to fund them.

#### 17. Forward Contract

During 2019, the hospital has entered into a forward contract with a financial institution to mitigate exposure to significant fluctuations in foreign currency relating to known contractual payments to a third party supplier. This forward contract was settled during the 2020 fiscal year and the facility was ended.

#### 18. Subsequent Event

Due to the global pandemic COVID 19, the hospital has incurred extensive expenses such as extra staffing and personal protective equipment (PPE). At this time the Ministry has not provided any additional funding for these costs, At this time there is no way to know how long this will last or what the financial impact on the hospital will be.

#### March 31, 2020

#### 19. Employee Future Benefits

#### a) Multi-employer plan

Substantially all of the employees of the hospital are members of the Healthcare of Ontario Pension Plan (HOOPP) which is a multi-employer, defined benefit, final average earnings, contributory pension plan. HOOPP is accounted for as a defined contribution plan. The hospital's contributions to HOOPP during the year amounted to \$1,976,565 (2019 - \$1,860,164). These amounts are included in compensation expense in the statement of operations and changes in net assets. The most recent regulatory filing by HOOPP as of December 31, 2019 disclosed a regulatory surplus of \$20.6 billion (2018 - \$13.9 billion).

#### b) Other defined benefit plans

Discount rate

The hospital offers various non-pension post-employment and post-retirement benefit plans to its employees that provide life insurance, medical and dental benefits. These plans are accounted for as defined benefit plans and are not funded by the hospital.

The most recent actuarial valuation was as of March 31, 2018.

Information about the hospital's other defined benefit plans is as follows as at March 31:

	_	WPSHC	Ambulance		2020	2019
Accrued benefit obligation Post-retirement benefits Benefits paid	\$	2,122,336 127,700 (102,298)	\$ 637,547 41,600 (15,349)	\$	2,759,883 \$ 169,300 (117,647)	2,706,188 160,100 (106,405)
Employee future benefit liabilities	\$	2,147,738	\$ 663,798		2,811,536	2,759,883
Amount to be recovered from Land Ambulance Service			_	(663,798)	(637,547)	
Net employee future benefit	it lia	bilities		\$	2,147,738 \$	2,122,336
				_		

The net expense for the year ended March 31, 2020 is \$127,700 (2019 - \$160,100).

The significant actuarial assumptions adopted in measuring the accrued benefit obligations are as follows:

are as follows.	2018	2015	2013
Discount rate	4.74%	3.31%	4.69%
The significant actuarial assumptions adopted as follows:	in measuring th	e expense for the	ne year are
	2018	2015	2013

3.31%

3.31%

4.69%

#### March 31, 2020

#### 20. Comparative Figures

Certain accounts in the prior year financial statements have been reclassified for comparative purposes to conform with the presentation in the current year's financial statements.

#### 21. Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its obligations associated with financial liabilities. Cash flow from operations provides a substantial portion of the Hospital's cash requirements. Additional cash requirements are met with the use of the available operating line of credit and bank borrowings under long term credit arrangements. Available operating line of credit provides flexibility in the short term to meet operational needs and bridge long term financing. The Company's borrowing arrangements are concentrated with a single Canadian financial institution.

#### Credit risk

The Company is exposed to credit risk in the event of non-performance by counterparties in connection with its accounts receivable. Accounts receivable arise primarily from operations. The maximum exposure to credit risk is the carrying value of accounts receivable, capital lease receivable and investments on the balance sheet.

#### Interest rate risk

The Company's interest-bearing assets and liabilities include capital lease receivable, investments, operating line of credit and long-term debt.

A substantial portion of the Company's long term debt and the prime lending rate can cause fluctuation in interest payments and future cash flows associated with the principal portion of the debt. The Company has fixed interest rates on most long term debt and the capital lease receivable. Consequently, the exposure to fluctuations in future cash flows, with respect to these instruments, as a result of changes in market interest rates, is limited. The capital lease receivable is from a related party.

The majority of the Company's investments are generally of a demand nature, settlement available within four business days which minimizes the impact of fluctuations in market interest rates. The investments are all with one Canadian financial institution.